9. Determine the scope and deflection at the free end and of a cantilever beam as shown in figure by Moment Area Method.


Roll No. $\qquad$

## 24064

## B. Tech. 3rd Sem. (Civil) Examination - December, 2018 STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS - I

Paper: CE-201-F
Time : Three Hours ]
[ Maximum Marks : 100
Before answering the questions, candidates should ensure that they have been supplied the correct and complete question paper. No complaint in this regard, will be entertained after examination.

Note: Question No. 1 is compulsory. Attempt any four questions from the rest of paper choosing one, from each Section.

1. (i) Define Modular Ratio.
$10 \times 2=20$
(ii) Define relation between $E, C$ and $K$.
(iii) Define Maxwell law of Reciprocal theorem.
(iv) Define End conditions of the Column.
(v) Define principal stress and principal strains.
(vi) Differentiate between determinate and
Indeterminate structures.

24064-4000-(P-4)(Q-9)(18)
P.T.O.
(vii) Explain the principle of least work.
(viii) Define thermal stresses of thermal strains.
(ix) Explain conjugate beam theorem.
(x) Define Torsional Rigidity.

## SECTION - A

2. Three parallel wires in the same vertical plane pointy support a load of 15 KN . The middle wire is of steel and is 1 m long. While the outer ones of brass, the length of each being 1.05 m . The area of Cross section of each wire is $200 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$. After the wires have been so adjusted as to carry one kind of the load, a further load of 35 KN is added. Find the stress in each wire \& fraction of the whole load carried by the steel wire.
3. A point is a strained material is subjected to stresses as shown in figure using Mohr's Circle method, determine the normal and tangential stresses across the oblique plane. Check the answer analytically.

$24064-4000-(\mathrm{P}-4)(\mathrm{Q}-9)(18)$
(2)
4. Prove that P-n case of Rectangular cross-section, the maximum shear stress at the NA is $50 \%$ more than the mean value.

20
5. An I-section with rectangular ends has the following dimensions:

Flanges $-150 \mathrm{~mm} \times 20 \mathrm{~mm}$ Total depth $=340 \mathrm{~mm}$
$\mathrm{Web}-300 \mathrm{~mm} \times 10 \mathrm{~mm}$
Determine the maximum shearing stress developed in the beam for the shearing force of 35 KN .

## SECTION - C

6. Determine the maximum stress induced in a horizontal strut of length 3.5 m rectangular crosssection 45 mm wide and 85 mm deep when it carries an axial thrust of 150 KN and a vertical load of $9 \mathrm{kN} / \mathrm{m}$ length. The strut is having pin joints at its ends. Take E $=210 \mathrm{GN} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$.
7. Derive Euler's Formula for crippling load. When an end of column is fixed and outer end is hinged. Write down the limitations of Euler's theory.

## SECTION - D

8. Construct the Bending moment and shear force diagram for the beam as shown in figure.

