(b) What is meant by viewing pipeline ? Illustrate. 8

8

8

- **9.** Explain the following :
 - (a) Composite Transformations
 - (b) 3D Shearing

Roll No.

97678

BCA 5th Semester (New) Examination – November, 2018

COMPUTER GRAPHICS

Paper: BCA-302

Time : Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 80

Before answering the questions, candidates should ensure that they have been supplied the correct and complete question paper. No complaint in this regard, will be entertained after examination.

- *Note*: Question No. **1** is *compulsory*. Attempt *four* questions by selecting *one* question from each Unit. All questions carry equal marks.
 - 1. (a) What is interactive computer graphics ? State its relevance. $2 \times 8 = 16$
 - (b) What is random scan system?
 - (c) Why Bresenham's line algorithm is preferred over DDA line algorithm ?
 - (d) What is meant by coordinate systems transformation ?

(e) What is quadric surface ?

97678-5,650-(P-4)(Q-9)(18)

P. T. O.

97678-5,650-(P-4)(Q-9)(18)

18) (4)

- (f) What are viewing coordinates ? Illustrate.
- (g) What is Cyrus-beck line clipping algorithm ?
- (h) What is flickering ? What causes flickering ?

 \bigtriangleup

UNIT – I

- 2. (a) What are raster-scan systems ? how do these work ? Illustrate.7
 - (b) What is scan conversion ? What steps are required to plot a line whose slope is between 0 and 45° using Bresenham's method ? Indicate which raster locations would be chosen by Bresenham's algorithm when scan-converting a line from screen coordinate (2,3) to screen coordinate (7,12).
- 3. (a) What are plasma displays ? How do these work ?Illustrate.6
 - (b) What is flood-Fill algorithm ? What is its relevance ? Illustrate.
 - (c) What is mid-point circle algorithm ? How does it work ? Illustrate.5

UNIT – II

4. (a) What is 2D composite transformation ? Illustrate through a suitable example. 6

97678-5,650-(P-4)(Q-9)(18) (2)

- (b) What is 2D viewing transformation ? Find the normalization transformation that maps a window whose lower left corner is at (1,2) and upper right corner is at (5,8) onto.
 - (i) A viewport that is the entire normalized device screen and
 - (ii) A viewport that has lower left coner at (0,0)
 - and upper right corner $\left|\frac{1}{2}\right|$

5. Explain the following :

- (a) Cohen-Sutherland line-clipping algorithm 8
- (b) Sutherland-Hodgeman polygon clipping algorithm 8

UNIT – III

- 6. (a) What are polygon-rendering methods ? Which method is most popular ? Justify your answer.
 - (b) What are Bezier surface ? How are these represented ? Illustrate their relevance in graphics.

7. Explain the following :

(a) Hermite Curve	8
----	-----------------	---

8

(b) Basic Illumination Models

UNIT – IV

- 8. (a) What is general projection transform ? How is it significant ? Illustrate.
- 97678-5,650-(P-4)(Q-9)(18) (3) P. T. O.